

FLOURING MILL.
 I am of course, on the Canal, in Fort
 Madison, adjoining their State, where they will
 need for any quantity of Wheat, and where
 will also accommodate the Farmers who
 favor them with their custom, either by
 taking their own Wheat, or by exchanging
 it for flour, as they may prefer. The Mill
 is ready to grind in a few weeks.
 St. Wayne, July 29, 1843. 4

FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

VOLUME 4.—No. 11.

FORT WAYNE, IA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1843.

WHOLE NUMBER, 448.

THOMAS TIGAR.

EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

THE THIRD STORY OF BARNETT AND HANNAH'S NEW BUILDING, COLUMBIA STREET.

TERMS:

\$2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

\$2.50 IF PAID WITHIN SIX MONTHS.

\$3.00 AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

All Letters on business must be post paid they will not be attended to.

Advertisements inserted for Ten cents per line for three weeks—Five cents for each subsequent insertion, when consisting of 10 lines or over; but no advertisement inserted for less than \$1. Job Work done on the usual terms.

THE MUSE.

From the Western Empire.

THE INDIAN ELECTION.

BY GEO. PATTERSON.

As the author of the following paper with Mr. Whitcomb, the democratic Governor elect of Indiana, last Summer at Connersville, Ia. Mr. Whitcomb's farewell remark was: "Let me assure you that the Democratic doctrine which you and I advocate are destined ere long to be adopted throughout the United States. Opposition is of no avail, for they are founded in justice and truth." The tariff and bank questions were most thoroughly discussed prior to the election.

Yes Whitcomb! Now we see the light! Rejoicing thousands had the dawn, Delusions like the gloom of night, Shall soon be past away and gone.

D. MURRAY! that glorious name, Again victorious in the fight, Has like the *Leo Pae* flame, Shown forth, fresh to life and light.

N. never shall its holy blaze, Be smother'd long by error's way, Delusions fade before its rays, As darkness dies at rising day.

Hail Indiana! lovely star— That shines in glory o'er the west! Rejoicing thousands and afar, Approve her choice—proclaim her best.

She long has been our compest toad, Like helmsman vessel on the tide, Her treasure gone—her credit lost— And wreck'd by those who ought to guide, Let her arise—free, free, free.

Nor more to federal Junos bow, Stand forth a Democratic State And so on she'll rise, though prostrate now.

Yes Whitcomb! Though three years have fled Since federalists took the nation's helm, Democracy's destined to spread, A torrent would can overwhelm, No more shall bankers yield the rod, And pure proud wealth must command, Our doctrines soon shall spread abroad, The creed of fair Columbia's land.

No more shall whigs with wild huzzas, And flags and banners waving high, Succeed against our glorious cause, The cause of pure Democracy.

The institutions dark of yore, Brought forth in England's blackest night, Shall never flourish on our shore, And shed abroad their upas blight.

Shall we pursue old England's tricks, And place the bankers o'er the land! Shall we by *TARIFFS* thousands tax, That favor'd coven of wealth shall stand?

Shall those who cultivate the soil, Be taxed to pay high tariffs due? Must thousands labor, sweat and toil To earn a penny for the few?

Not Freeman, spun the gilded lure, Protect our species lumber spurs? It feeds the rich—it grinds the poor— It gives the few what many earn.

No tax beyond the nation's wants, Should ever be by Freeman paid, Methinks I hear their loud response, "No higher duties shall be laid."

Beyond this mark let trade be free, Let interest guide instead of laws— Let commerce loose upon the sea, To float where interest strongest draws, Then friendly golden chain shall bind The nations of the world in love;

The olive branch shall reach mankind From Freedom's ark by freedom's dove.

"*Lo loco loco*" the title given us by our opponents, is a match for the purpose of making light.

From the Weekly Circular of Sinclair and Chittenden, furnished for the Sentinel.

PRODUCE.

Wheat bushel 85 a 90
Oats " 30 a 35
Rye " 30 a 35
Barley " 30 a 35
Flour per bushel 34 a 35
Shoulders " 34 a 35
Pork " 34 a 35
Pine " 34 a 35
Potatoes " 34 a 35
Onions " 34 a 35
White Beans " 34 a 35
Butter per lb. 10
Eggs per doz. 6 a 7
Eggs per doz. 6 a 7
Flax Seed 75
Timothy Seed 75 a 80
Clover " 25 a 30
Hay, Timothy 12 a 15
Hay, Clover 12 a 15

TABLE OF DRY GOODS.

Brown sheeting 5 a 10
Shirting 5 a 10
Bleached " 5 a 10
Sheeting 10 a 20
Prints 8 a 10

FRUIT.

Green Apples 50 a 60
Dry " 50 a 60
Fruit " 50 a 60
Cranberries 50 a 60

IRON.

Iron and nails 6 a 8
Steel 10 a 12
Wool. None offered.

HIDES.

Dry, tanned 7 a 8
Green do 4 a 5
D. skinned 10 a 12
D. short blue 12 a 14
Do. long 10 a 12
Do. grey 8 a 10

LEATHER.

Eastern sole 18 a 20
Western do 16 a 18
Up. pr. side 25 a 30
Kip " 16 a 20

Notes of Fort Wayne to New York.

Fort and Land, \$12.00 per ton.

Other freights, by contract, from 1.15 per hundred to \$14 per hundred.

Wheat (to Buffalo) 16 a 18

There has been a falling off in the quantity of wheat brought to market this week, owing to the fact of the farmers being engaged in putting in their fall crops. Yet business for the week has been rather active. We quote wheat at 65 to 68c, according to quality.

Butter is selling at \$1.75 a 2.00, there has been some fresh arrivals and the price will no doubt be about as quoted, for some time to come.

Butter is very scarce; it has sold readily during the week from 10 to 12c, at which price it will most likely remain for the present.

FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1843.

FOR PRESIDENT

MARTIN VAN BUREN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT

RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

(Subject to the decision of a National Convention.)

LECTURE.

A GRATUITOUS LECTURE, on Language and Education, will be delivered in the Methodist Episcopal Church in this city, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Young Ladies and Gentlemen, and parents in particular, are respectfully invited to attend.

P. S. During the evening, an address will be made to the Ladies, on the subject of female education.

We are under the necessity of only issuing half sheet this week, for the reason that we are out of paper, and though we devoted several days expressly to collecting (or rather attempting to collect) we could not raise money enough to purchase a supply. In three days we collected the magnificent sum of TWO DOLLARS!! When it is considered that we have five or six Hundred Dollars owing us, within the limits of the city, it must be admitted that our success was very encouraging. To those of our subscribers who have paid up, we know no apology is necessary; they have the feelings of gentlemen, and can appreciate our situation. Those who have not, or do not intend, paying, may perhaps think we do not use them well, and that we ought not, only to work for nothing and find ourselves, but also furnish paper. We are sorry we are not able so far to accommodate them; but the paper makers are in fault and not us. They require money for paper, and our delinquent friends will therefore be under the necessity of ponying up at least enough for that purpose—of course we shall not be so unreasonable as to expect more from them than enough to buy paper. A printer is a public servant, and if his friends furnish paper they will doubtless think they have a right to his services gratis. If any feel disposed to do any thing towards supplying us with paper, we should be glad to see them "step into the captain's office" early next week.

RECOVERY OF A STOLEN HORSE.—On Sunday morning last a young fellow named Wm. Hutchings, stopped at the house of Mr. David W. Jones, on the Piqua Road, 10 miles south of this place; he was mounted on a valuable young grey horse, without any saddle. He stayed at Mr. Jones' till next morning, when he offered to sell the horse for \$20. The low price he asked, and other circumstances, induced a suspicion that the horse was stolen, and Mr. Jones partly agreed to purchase, and made an excuse to come to Fort Wayne to get the money, in hopes he might hear something to confirm his suspicions, or lead to the discovery of the owner of the horse. On his return home, he found that Hutchings had become alarmed during his absence and put off without either the horse or money. Two or three days after a gentleman came from Laporte County in search of the horse which had been stolen from his brother, and being directed to Mr. Jones, recovered it. Hutchings' father lives in Ohio, near Dayton, and it is believed he has gone in that direction.

"GLORIOUS LITTLE RHODA."—The whigs are making a great parade because they have elected two whigs to Congress from Rhode Island—Messrs Cranston and Potter. The aggregate whig majority in the state is said to be about 3000. We can very well afford to spare such a state as Rhode Island to the Whigs. It is in fact just such a state as Whiggery might be expected to flourish in; and we feel rejoiced that the coons have at least one state in which they can find a hiding place.

ROBERT ON THE CANAL.—On Friday night the 8th inst. a bag containing from \$800 to \$1000 in specie was taken from the trunk of the agent of the Troy and Erie Line on board the canal boat Illinois. The trunk was on the deck of the boat, and the money was known to be in it when the boat left Defiance, Ohio, about 11 o'clock that night. On arriving at Sprague's lock, 14 miles west of Defiance, at daylight next morning, the key was noticed in the lock of the trunk, and the money abstracted. It is presumed the thief had taken the key from the pocket of the agent while he was asleep in his berth. The money was supposed to have been taken while the boat was between the change bridge at the junction and the next lock west. One of the hands was sent back to search for it; but without effect. The boat arrived here on Saturday night and on Sunday a thorough search was made, but without discovering anything. On Monday an examination was had before the Mayor, and Ralph W. Phillips, the boatman who was steering at the time of the robbery, was committed on suspicion, of being the thief.

On the form of trip of the Illinois, the captain had his pocket picked of a wallet containing \$45 blue dog, 2 counterfeit \$5 bills, and \$12 in good money. The robbery was committed between Defiance and the state line. The thief, who was a passenger on board with his family and stopped at this place, attempted to pass one of the bills which was identified; a search warrant was obtained last Monday and the money found in his house. He was committed for trial.

THEATRE.—Mr. Powell's theatrical company has been performing here for several nights past to crowded audiences. They are well deserving the patronage of the public, as the company is probably one of the best travelling companies in the Union. Mr. Powell is a good performer, fully equal to many who are in the city. We remember to have seen him some 13 years ago, in western New York, soon after his debut, when he gave good promise of attaining a high rank in his profession. His lady is also an extremely clever actress and enchanting singer. Mr. Jackson sustains his parts very creditably, and even in fact do all the members of the company. One of the greatest attractions in Master Townley, who enacts the nigger to the file—fairly putting Judge Reed to the blush;—his dancing equalling anything in that line we ever witnessed.

What is the reason none of our ladies honor the performances with their presence? It is quite fashionable in other places for ladies to attend the theatre, and as the pieces presented by Mr. Powell are of an unexceptionable character, and there is nothing in the performances to offend the most sensitive or fastidious, we think the fair of our city are needlessly depriving themselves of a very agreeable recreation.

The steam ship Britannia has brought ten days later news from England. We do not see any thing of much interest. O'Connell continues the repeal agitation in Ireland.

The prospects of the harvest in England are most encouraging. For the last ten days the weather had been favorable, and in another week the gathering of the wheat crops would commence.

P. H. MILLER, Esq., was admitted to the bar at the last term of the Miami Circuit Court, to practice as an Attorney and Counselor at Law, in the several circuits and inferior courts of the State of Indiana.

Owing to the absence of the Judges of the Supreme Bench, he was deprived of an examination at Indianapolis.

THE WABASH STANDARD.—We have neglected to notice the reception of the Wabash Standard, published at Lafayette, by H. W. De Puy, Esq. It takes the place of the Lafayette Advertiser.

Mr. DePuy is an easy and ready writer, and a thorough-going democrat, and we feel confident will do good service in the great cause of democracy. May success crown his efforts.

THE DEMOCRAT'S LASH.—Mr. PIERCE of the Ohio Eagle, is publishing a paper under the above title, in which he lashes the poor coons most unmercifully. Every cut makes the fur fly.

FLOURING MILL.—Among the many improvements making in our city this season, perhaps none are more worthy of notice than the splendid mill erected by Hamilton and Williams on the canal. It is calculated for four run of stones, one of which will be devoted to customers and the other three to merchant work. The customers' run has been in operation for the past week, and is a great accommodation to the farmer, as it turns off their grists without delay; it grinds and bolts about eight bushels an hour. The remaining runs will be ready for operation in a few days. The whole of the machinery and fitting up of this mill is in the latest and most complete style, and we are assured by competent judges that it has no superior in the western country. It requires but little water to keep it in motion, and it runs with the smoothness and regularity of clock work. The mill is equally creditable to the enterprise of its owners, and the workmanship of the mechanics who have erected it. We predict the "Fort Wayne City Mills" will be a favorite brand in the flour market.

CARDING MILLS.—Mr. Johns, of this place, and Mr. Fare, on Cedar Creek, have got new carding machines in operation, made by Mr. G. Buchanan, of this place. These machines, we understand, are of a very superior description, fully equal if not superior to any made elsewhere, and as they are afforded equally low, we trust all waiting carding machines in this region, will inspect them, and if satisfied, give their orders to Mr. Buchanan, instead of sending abroad. It is the duty of all good citizens to give the preference to their own mechanics if they can supply their wants as well and cheap as others.

At the request of the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the inhabitants of Perry township called a meeting and appointed S. Wheeler as President, and Hiram L. Parker Secretary. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we the inhabitants of Perry township are willing to aid and assist to the best of our means, the improvement of the Fort Wayne and Lima road, to the amount subscribed to our names. Provided, there shall be a review of the said road to ascertain the regular survey and location of the same, and vacate such parts of said road as are now used not on the regular survey. Provided, that each subscriber have the privilege of working out his subscription in his own township.

Resolved, That all money subscribed and not worked out shall be under the control of the general agent.

Resolved, That Schuyler Wheeler, Thomas Jones, William T. Hunter, be the committee to co-operate with the committee of Fort Wayne.

Resolved, That the Fort Wayne Sentinel and Times be requested to publish the above meeting. On motion the meeting adjourned.

S. WHEELER, Secy.

H. L. PARKER, Secy.

The amount subscribed at this meeting is 49 dollars.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The Steamship Margaret has arrived at Halifax in 12 days from Liverpool. She left on the 19th ult. Boston papers of Friday furnish a few paragraphs.

The papers are very barren of interest, and we find little of intelligence; the state of Ireland was about the same as at the last dispatch, except that perhaps in most articles there had been an improvement.

The weather in England for the last few days had been favorable to the crops, and prices of grain, &c. were irregular and variable.

Lord Wellington had declared in his place in parliament, in answer to a speech from Lord Roderic, that the British Government were fully prepared to maintain peace in Ireland, forcibly if they must, peacefully if they could.

The conserving nobility in the north of Ireland have had a large meeting at Belfast, and passed strong resolutions against Repeal. The Repeal cause does not make much progress in the north.

Among the political rumors, is one that Lord Brougham is busily employed and very painfully anxious to resume his seat upon the woolsack.

Mr. Matthew appears to be pursuing his temperance career almost as triumphantly in England as he did in Ireland. Thousands here have signed the pledge.

The South of Wales continues in a disturbed state, toll-gates and toll gates are constantly coming under the new regime of Rebecca and her Daughters, and the government seems to possess no energy in maintaining the laws.

So great is the animosity of the Welsh people against the metropolitan police sent among them, that it is proposed to withdraw them entirely and substitute Welsh conscripts in their place.

From the State Sentinel.

OUR CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

The Democracy of Indiana have reason to congratulate the Nation, the State, and themselves, on the character of a majority of our members elected to Congress. Eight of the ten are Democrats, tried and true, who have "done the State some service" heretofore, and who have the ability, as they now have the opportunity, to do it more to service hereafter.

The Democracy of Indiana, we will venture to say, will be happy to see in the next Congress, we propose to say a word or two concerning each, as they stand in the list of districts:

ROBERT DALL OWEN, from the 1st district, heads the list. To all who are acquainted with him, Mr. Owen is known to be a man of splendid talents and acquirements, of the most untiring industry and energy, of a distinguished private character, of great benevolence, the enemy of honor and in short, a gentleman in every sense of the word. The only objection urged against him by his opponents, and which, added to gross misrepresentation, defeated him for Congress in 1839, is, that his religious opinions are heretical. Whether the imputation be true or not, we believe it to be an error to be settled between God and his own conscience, and one with which the political world have nothing to do in this country, so long as he refrains from intruding his peculiar opinions, if he holds them, into political affairs. No attempt of this kind has ever been made by him. He served several years in our Legislature, and while his course gave entire satisfaction to his party, of which he was an efficient leader, his amenity and inviolable gentlemanly demeanor towards his opponents, never failed to secure for him their respect and esteem. We are confident no less efficiency will characterize Mr. Owen in the wider field of Congress. He may not obtain a greater notoriety than his predecessor, Mr. Proffit, but we have no doubt his district and the State will profit by the change.

THOMAS J. HENLEY, from the 2d district, is a native Hoosier; who has distinguished himself in the Legislature of the State, and was Speaker of the House at the last session. Mr. Henley is a man of talents, and of great energy of character; is an ardent politician of the radical stamp, and a ready debater. Though a farmer by occupation, he will much more than fill the place of the demagogue White, whom he succeeded. Henley will "wear well," and his constituents will never have cause to regret his election.

THOMAS SMITH, from the 3d district, familiarly known as "the gentleman farmer," was a member of the 26th Congress. He has been tried and found not wanting. His Democracy is as tough as his own harness leather, and that he can take as well as lay the hide, the poor Coons of his district have had fitting experience.

CARLEB B. SMITH, (Whig), from the 4th district, is a native of another color, in politics, at least. He is familiarly known as "Lithping Caw," the Whig Factory Food Commissioner. On his personal history, we know nothing worth relating; but the people of the State, in common with ourselves, will not forget the effects of his official transactions, while they possess such a memento of them as the Soap Factory at Brooklyn, New York. He will not do much harm as a minority member of Congress, and can, perhaps, if necessary, enlighten that body to some extent upon the mysteries and profits and loss of soap boiling.

WILLIAM J. BROWN, from the 5th district, our own Bill Brown, the Coonskeeper, comes next. He was imprisoned and rebelled worse than any other Candidate, and the result was that he beat Wallace, the Crack Candidate, and won the election. He is a man of talents, and a ready debater. He has been tried and found not wanting. His Democracy is as tough as his own harness leather, and that he can take as well as lay the hide, the poor Coons of his district have had fitting experience.

JOHN M. DAVIS, from the 6th district, has served in Congress two or three sessions, and is a general anti-federalist to his constituents. He will continue to fill a seat in Congress with credit to himself and the State, and to their advantage.

JOSEPH A. WRIGHT, from the 7th district, continued against what was supposed to be a hopeless cause—the district having given in 1840, a Whig majority of nearly 2,500 votes! He was elected by three precious votes! A partially informal return from a township in Clay county gave his competitor some hope of obtaining the certificate of "broad seal" of the State of Indiana. He was elected in the face of the fact, that he was a Whig, and a general anti-federalist to his constituents. He will continue to fill a seat in Congress with credit to himself and the State, and to their advantage.

JOHN PERRY, from the 8th district, is a whole team and a horse to say. He was elected by a large majority, and is a man of talents, and a ready debater. He has been tried and found not wanting. His Democracy is as tough as his own harness leather, and that he can take as well as lay the hide, the poor Coons of his district have had fitting experience.

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engaged, in official stations, in assisting to plunge our once happy State into her present gulf of misfortune, while they at the same time were fattening at her expense, must be removed. Many Coons must be skinned; but the knife should be handled with skill and discretion. Incompetency must go out of office. Corruption must go out of office. Defalcation must go out of office. These must go out and be kept out. Much, of course, a great work is to be done. The contingent expense appropriation must not be overdrawn by Mr. Whitcomb. His messages and acts must show him to be the Governor of the whole people, without distinction of party, and at the same time the firm defender and expositor of Democratic principles. His administration must be a plain, pure, honest, Jeffersonian administration. It will be so. These are things now to be thought of, looked to; cared about. The whigs are vigilant, active. Every step we make will be watched with sleepless eyes, by them. Every error exposed, every mis-step emblazoned. In the hands of the Democratic leaders, is now the fate of the party and democracy in this State. If they mistake, mis judge, go wrong, do wrong, the wand of power departs from us, and our opponents triumph. For this reason, we who are out of office, we the people have a right to speak on this matter, for our lot, and that of our principles, are involved with those who are in power. We hope, therefore, every man, and every press will open its mouth on this subject. The time is a critical one, much is at stake, and great watchfulness is demanded.

From the Louisville Public Advertiser.
August 17, 1843.

Our sanctum was crowded on yesterday morning, with a gallant and gay coterie of Democratic friends from regenerated, redeemed & disenthralled Indiana. Never were we more unaffectedly gratified than in meeting with these high spirited sons of our sister State, beaming with the honest pride, and flushed with the manly glow of their recent unparalleled and victorious triumph. A amongst the number, we had the honor of offering our humble congratulations to Gov. Jas. Whitcomb, the Democratic Governor elect, and the talented and distinguished champion of the Republican host in their late glorious and successful struggle for ascendancy. Gov. Whitcomb is some forty years of age, frank and intelligent in his address, easy and polished in his deportment. He is a native of Vermont, from whence he came at an early age to Hamilton County, Ohio, where he resided until grown, when he removed to Lexington in this State, and prosecuted his professional studies under the direction of our lamented fellow citizen, Wm. T. Barry. From the period of his establishment in Indiana, to the present time, he has commanded the most unbounded confidence and esteem, not only in his various official relations, but in his extended professional transactions, which have invariably been distinguished by urbanity, ability, and uncompromising integrity. Called by the unanimous voice of his fellow Democrats to enter what was deemed by the most sanguine, a doubtful contest, for their gubernatorial chair, he responded with that courage and promptitude that ever characterizes the truly patriotic heart, and prosecuted it against the appalling odds that frowned upon the attempt with a vigor and energy that crowns him and his compatriots in the enterprise, with imperishable and undying renown.

Since the admission of Indiana into the Union, Gov. Whitcomb, and Lt. Governor Bright, constitute the first Democratic Executive Magistracy, that have been chosen to control the destinies of that great and populous State. Up to this period, her powerful energies, and boundless resources of prosperity, have been allowed to shrink and wither into an almost fatal decline, "neath the disastrous, unwise and faithless administrations, of Whig EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE and CONGRESSIONAL dominion. Overwhelmed with debt, penetrated to the very core by official fraud and corruption, paralyzed in every limb of her body politics, she has at last listened to the admonitions of wisdom, to the pleadings of truth, and the instructions of experience, and freed herself by one giant throes from the vampire horde that have so long deluded, plundered and devoured her. Like the banded whale, she has turned in her extremity upon her rapacious harpooners, and stricken them so low down the depths of her condemnation, that scarce a struggling swimmer or broken boat or is left to memorialize the story of their annihilated power.

Let Indiana breathe the brows of her liberators with crowns of perpetual and fadeless verdure, let her celebrate each returning advent by the anniversary of her emancipation from Whig misrule, with jubilees and festivities, second only in the solemnity and splendor of their rejoicings to our holy Sabbath of National Independence; let her build against any possible renewed incursion of the sunken and sordid swarm she has crushed, a wall, as thick and circuitous as China's, as intricate as Troy's, and inaccessible as Heaven's, let her sentinel each height, and guard each pass and ward, with the incorruptible and trust-worthy soldiery of Democracy; let her walk by their counsels, and confide in their fidelity, and she will taste that comfort and relief heretofore denied her, and assume her honored stand amid that galaxy of exulting States, who have preceded her in such noble revolution, and reach forth their extended arms to welcome her home to happiness and republican virtue.

PASS THE FELLOW AROUND.—We have ascertained upon good authority, says the Pittsburgh Spirit of the Age, that James W. Harrison, of the United States Army, is the originator of the late report relative to the death of General Jackson. He wrote it on the way-bill beyond Dayton, from whence it was copied and circulated over the country. We could not ascertain the rank of this man who disgraces the uniform he wears, but hope some will inform us of it.

At a religious meeting that was much crowded, a lady persevered in standing on a bench, and thus interrupting the view of others though repeatedly asked to sit down. A reverend old clergyman at last rose and said, gravely, "I think if the lady knew she had a large hole in each of her stockings, she wouldn't exhibit them in this way." This had the desired effect: she immediately sunk down on her seat. A young minister standing by blushed up to the temples, and said, "O brother, how could you say what is not the fact? 'Not the fact!' replied the old gentleman, 'if she had not a large hole in each of her stockings, I should like to know how she got them on?'"

CHEROKEE NATION.—MURDER.—The St. Louis New Era, of the 22d, says: "We learn from the Arkansas Intelligencer, of the 12th, that the election for Principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation resulted in favor of John Ross, by a majority of 800 votes. George Lowry was elected Second Chief by the same vote. A majority of the Committee and Council are Ross men. The same paper has received information that David Vann, the treasurer of the Cherokee Nation, Elijah Hicks, and Isaac Bushyhead, were murdered on the 8th inst., at one of the election precincts. These men belonged, we believe, to the Ross party. It is stated that the friends of the deceased were arming and collecting for the purpose of arresting the murderers, and that the friends of the murderers were collecting for the purpose of defending and protecting them. The Intelligencer hopes, for the credit of the Cherokees, that this report may not be true; that they may not rebel against the laws of the Nation to screen offenders; and fears the consequences of a meeting of the belligerent parties.

AL L'EPOTIAN DEFALCATOR.—A correspondent of the Lowell Courier, gives the following account of a defalcation in the town of West Cambridge:

I heard to-day of a little 'financiering' affair which took place in the town of West Cambridge. A man who moved into that town about four years ago, and who has been first and foremost in Temperance, Odd Fellowship, and pious, left the town with his family, his horse and his cows, between Wednesday night and Thursday morning last, and has not since been heard of. He gloried in the name of Capt. Cady. He was treasurer of the Odd Fellow's Lodge in that town, and had taken his funds with him, about \$60. He managed to get about \$150 of the town's money in his hands, and he has kept that too. When it was noticed about that he was missing, people with long bills came from all quarters to get them cashed, but there were no funds. He managed to get trusted at the butchers', store keepers' and doctors, to the amount of nearly a thousand dollars; to pay which, he left in the house a starved parrot, and in the barn a live jackass. This last spring he was elected President of the Washingtonians, and it is said that he has some funds of their society in his possession.

MORMON OUTRAGE.—The Jacksonville Illinoian of the 19th inst. says:—A gentleman of this town, who has just returned from a visit to Carthage, states that considerable excitement exists in Hancock county, on account of a gross outrage committed by holy Joe Smith upon the Collector of that county.

It seems that Joe had taken offence at the Collector, or account of the manner in which he had discharged his duty, in reference to some of the prophet's lots in Nauvoo; and during a recent visit of the Collector to that city, he was attacked and cruelly beaten by Joe in presence of several hundred of his faithful. The Collector had been quite ill for some weeks and was scarcely able to travel at the time the outrage was perpetrated.

Why is an editor like a broker? Because he deals in exchanges.—Eastern paper.

Why is a coon editor like a banker? Because he makes false promises.

THEATRE,

Under the Management of J. H. POWELL.

MASTER TOWNLEY'S BENEFIT.

Grand BALLOON Ascension!

Mr. Girely, from Niblo's Garden, New York, will fire a Balloon 15 high!

Saturday Evening, Sept. 16, 1843 will be enacted the celebrated Drama of THE

ALPINE HUNTER,

OR THE FOREST OF SAVOY.

The GREAT BULGUNE will appear, and execute his unrivalled Break-down, and dance for a wager of \$30.00 with the Prince of Dairies.

The evening's entertainment to conclude with the laughable Petite Comedy of

THE CORK LEG,

OR THE MAID OF MUNKER.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Curtain will rise at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

BOOTS, SHOES, & LEATHER

at Reduced Prices.

L. G. BELLAMY has just received the largest and best stock of Eastern Leather ever brought to this market, which he will sell at such prices as must ensure him the custom of all wishing to turn a penny to the best advantage. His stock consists of:

500 Sides Spanish, Oak, and Shagreen Sole leather, from 18 to 25 cents per lb. Upper and Calf Skins, of superior quality. Harness and Bridle Leather extra quality. Together with a general assortment of Linings, Bindings, and Findings; the whole of which are offered at wholesale or retail, for CASH 25 per cent below former prices.

He also keeps on hand and will make to order a large assortment of every variety of his articles are at least 75 per cent better and 25 per cent cheaper than the Slop Work usually sold in stores.

Ladies' Gaiters, Slippers, and Walking Shoes from 50 cents to 1.50. Coarse Boots from 1.50 to 3.50. All other articles equally low.

To those who wish to purchase, I will say that I bought for cash and can afford to sell low, and that no person shall purchase cheaper if as cheap, as in my old establishment.

L. G. BELLAMY.

Hides & Country Produce taken in exchange for Leather or Boots and Shoes.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 15, 1843. 3m-11.

STATE OF INDIANA, Steuben County to wit:

Steuben County Probate Court, August Term, 1843.

Abner Davis, Administrator

Do hereby certify that the estate of Jacob Stayner Senr., deceased.

vs.

The heirs of the said Jacob Stayner.

Application for the sale of real estate.

The said Abner Davis having filed his memorial, suggesting the insufficiency of the personal estate of the dec'd to pay his debts, and praying an order of this Court for the sale of the real estate, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Jacob Stayner, William Stayner and Jacob Stayner, Jr., heirs of the said Jacob Stayner Senr., deceased are not residents of the State of Indiana; it is therefore ordered, that notice of the pendency of the said memorial be given by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three weeks in succession in the Fort Wayne Sentinel a weekly newspaper published in Fort Wayne, there being no newspaper printed or published in said Steuben County before the thirteenth day of November next, that the said Jacob Stayner, William Stayner, and Jacob Stayner, Jr. may be warned to appear in this court at the next November Term thereof to be held at the Court House in Angola on the second Monday in November next, to show cause if they can why the said real estate shall not be sold, and made assets for the discharge of said debts.

Test, Wm. M. CARY, Ck of Probate Court.

September 11th, 1843. 11-3w.

L. G. & R. P. JONES,
Forwarding & Commission Merchants
WHEAT, FLOUR, SALT, & ASPES.
FORT WAYNE, IN.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 9th day of September 1843, a writ of domestic attachment was issued by me, John B. Dubois, an acting Justice of the peace in and for the county of Allen, and State of Indiana, at the instance, and upon the affidavit of John Burgess, plaintiff, against the goods and chattels, credits, and effects of John Dugan and James Shaw, defendants; which said writ has been returned—no goods; chattels, or effects found; and on the 16th day of October, 1843, in my office, I will proceed to hear and decide upon said attachment, and the O. B. Bird, as garnishee, whereof the said John Dugan and James Shaw, and all other persons concerned will take notice.

JOHN B. DUBOIS, J. P.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 12, 1843. 1f-11.

Interest on Canal Lands

Will be received at this place until the 15th day of November next by
O. W. JEFFERDS.
Last year's receipts must be presented, or this interest will have to be paid at the office at Peru. S. FISHER, Commissioner.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 5, 1843. 3x10.

TOLEDO AND BOSTON
Storage, Forwarding & Commission
BUSINESS.

THE subscribers have taken the large warehouse foot of La Grange street, Lower Toledo, and will transact a general Storage, Forwarding and Commission business. Arrangements have been made to receive and deliver property in Boston via the Western Railroad, from Albany, without unnecessary delay. All property delivered from the cars to the warehouse in Boston, free of cartage, and subject to no expense in transshipment at Albany.

The Commission business will receive our strict attention and the usual facilities rendered on consignment for the eastern market. Goods purchased in eastern markets, and forward ed to order.

Our business will be conducted on strict mercantile principles, and all proceeds promptly remitted to order.

FOWLE, RICH & CO

REFERENCES:

G. B. Rich, Esq. } Buffalo,

Fowler, De Cuir & Allen, } Albany,

Allen Lee & Co. Utica,

Savage & Benedict, Albany,

C. B. Allen & Co. Boston,

Fowler, De Cuir & Allen, } New York.

W. H. Wood, Esq. } Buffalo,

S. Witt, Esq. } Western R.R., Greenbush, N.Y.

Toledo Sept. 2, 1843. 6w10

White Lead.

ONE TON White Lead, dry and ground in oil, extra and No 1, warranted of the best quality for sale by

Dr. L. BEECHER.

July 1, 1843.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

B. F. MILLS,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that, having established himself in the above business, on Columbus street, a few doors west of the New York and Indiana House, he is prepared to execute with fidelity and despatch all work entrusted to his care, and he flatters himself that by prompt attention to business he shall merit their patronage.

He has just received from New York an assortment of

Jewellery & Fancy Articles,

such as Finger Rings, breast pins, watch keys and guards, gongles, silver and steel and steel spectacles with convex, colored, and plain glasses; silver and German silver thimbles, do pencil cases; steel pens, percussion caps, fish hooks and lines, tooth shell and tuck combs, Brazil line shell, bone, and common do; toilet ivory and German silver do; hair and tooth brushes, Cologne water, Macassar oil, fancy soap steel and Morocco spectacle cases, pocket compasses, pencil points, drawing pencils. Also,

Violins, Guitars, and Strings.

N.B. Violins, Guitars, Accordions, and Music Boxes repaired at short notice. Extra Spectacle Glasses inserted in old frames to suit all ages and conditions of the eye.

Cash paid for old Gold and Silver.

Clocks! Clocks! Clocks!

B. F. MILLS has just received an assortment of

of WOOD and BRASS CLOCKS, which he will sell at the

Reduced Price of \$4 and \$5!

and warrant them to keep correct time.

August 31

Cranberries Wanted.

I will pay CASH on delivery at my Drug Store, for one or two hundred bushels of good ripe Cranberries. I want them by the 1st of October.

FARMERS send your boys into the marsh and let them make one or two dollars per bush in cash.

LEWIS BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 2, 1843.

T. & G. Johnson,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will promptly attend to all business with which they may be entrusted. Office in Barnett & Hanna's three story brick, on stairs.

August 19, 1843.

P. H. Mills,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will practice in the several Circuit and Probate Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit; attend to the payment of taxes, Land Agency, Conveyancing, and all other professional business that may be entrusted to his care.

References: Hon. Henry Clay, Lexington, Ky.

J. J. Marshall, Louisville, Ky.

J. B. Dawson, New Orleans.

For the present, he may be found at the American House.

7-7

A la mode Tailoring.

THE undersigned having Samuel H. Chappell's Fashion, is prepared to execute all orders in the best style, with promptness and at reasonable charges. The Standard of Fashion is from a source that will ensure the most correct taste and the greatest variety suitable for any age or station. Favours respectfully solicited and gratefully remembered by

JOHN JAMES SNYDER.

August 19th, 1843. 7-7

P. S. Shop opposite Dr. L. Beecher's Drug Store. Country produce taken in exchange for work at the market price.

New Goods! New Goods!

WE have this week received from New York a fresh supply of

Drug Goods, Groceries, Crockery & Hardware, which makes our assortment complete.

J. W. TOWNLEY, & Co.

Fort Wayne Saturday May 27.

EDWARD P. COLEBRICK,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
FORT WAYNE, IN.

Office in Hanna's three story brick, on Columbus street.

September 2, 1843. 9y.

EDWARD P. COLEBRICK,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Berry street, one door East of the Market House.

September 2, 1843. 9y.

New and Cheap Saddler's Shop.

Saddlery at Eastern Prices.

W. M. BOWEN has opened a Saddler's Shop in the room over E. Stapleton's Auction Store, on Columbus Street, where he is

tends to make and will every article in his line much lower than ever before offered here. Farmers and others will find it to their advantage to give him a call as they may depend on being supplied with good articles at extraordinary low prices.

Well made Saddles from \$10; Bridles from \$1

all other articles equally low.

A liberal discount from these prices will be made to country merchants and other wholesale purchasers.

Carriages Trimmed on short notice. Repairing and other work done to order.

Most kinds of country Produce taken for work. Fort Wayne, Sept. 2, 1843. 9y

Administrators' Sale.

THE undersigned, administrators of the estate of James Douglas, late of Allen county, deceased, will expose at public sale on Saturday the 23d of September at the Court house door in Fort Wayne,

being the west half of the south east quarter of Sect. 15, in town 30, north of range 13 east, four acres of which are improved, and a good log cabin on the same.

A credit of six and nine months will be given; good security required.

H. R. COLEBRICK,

JOHN ROGERS,

Adm's

September 2 3w

Domestic Attachment.

John Lillie, } August 31, 1843, the

Amos Snell, } plaintiff,

SUED out from before me a Justice of the Peace in Allen County Indiana his writ of attachment directed to Bazzella B. Stevens, defendant, which is returned served by attaching one barrel more which is valued at twenty-five dollars the proceedings in this case will be had before me at my Office in Fort Wayne on the 23d day of September, 1843 at 10 o'clock A. M.

ROBERT HOOD,

Justice of the Peace.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 2, 1843.

Flax Seed Wanted.

CASH paid for any quantity of Flax Seed delivered at my Drug Store.

LEWIS BEECHER.

Fort Wayne Sept. 2, 1843

Wells County Tax Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax payers of Wells County that the Treasurer or his deputy will attend at the several places of holding elections for the purpose of receiving taxes, on the following days, to wit:

In Jefferson, Thursday, October 19.

Lancaster, Friday, " 20

Rock Creek, Saturday, " 21

Jackson, Monday, " 23

Chester, Tuesday, " 24

Litchfield, Wednesday, " 25

Nottingham, Thursday, " 26

Harrison, Friday, " 27

He will attend at his office in Bluffton from the 1st of October until the 1st of December next for the same purpose; after which all taxes will be charged with a penalty, and collected according to law.

The assessment of taxes for 1843 is as follows, to wit:

For state purposes (including the tax for deaf and dumb) 20 cents 2 mills on each \$100 valuation; and 50 cents on each poll.

For county purposes 35 cents on each \$100 valuation, and fifty cents on each poll.

For road purposes 14 cents on each acre of taxable land, and 10 cents on each \$100 valuation of town lots and improvements thereon.

For township purposes in Harrison 8 cents on each \$100 valuation, and 6 cents on each poll.

ADNAH HALL,

Treasurer's Office, Bluffton, } Treas. Wells Co.

Aug. 26, 1843. 9p

Look here Farmers, Hunters, Diggers and Boys.

WANTED,

1500 red and grey and Seneca snake roots

5000 lbs. bees wax

8000 lbs. butter

1000 dozen eggs

2000 lbs. bacon, (hams, shoulders and sides).

And any quantity of Wheat, Corn and Oats.

N.B. We would prefer paying for the above in Dry Goods, Groceries and Crockery, though if necessary to keep trade a going, we will advance some CASH. So haul, haul, or send them in. [Aug 26] SINCLEAR & CHITTENDEN.

St. Clair Money!

CAUTION.—Take this method to caution any bill-holder of St. Clair money, against attempting to pass on this money, knowing, I do, the uniform promptness with which the Bank to redeem their paper in specie; and I will exchange any other funds, when I have them, or sell any kind of goods as low, for St. Clair money, whether endorsed by J. O. & H. Smith or not, as they can be bought in Fort Wayne for specie.

F. H. TYLER.

Old Yellow Store, Ft. Wayne, Aug. 26, 1843.

Cooper Stuff Wanted.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS wish to contract for the delivery of

Staves and Heading

sufficient for FIVE THOUSAND Flour Barrels, delivered at their Mill in Fort Wayne. Those wishing to furnish will please apply immediately.

August 26, 1843.

Water power at Wabash Town

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts in Indianapolis, on or before the 16th of October next, for leasing all the water power at the Lock in Wabash town, (Wabash and Erie Canal). The Lock is 8 feet lift and is supposed to afford the Engineer.

The Lock is to drive three run 20 stones, the most of the time; but two run only will be let with the understanding that the lessee is to pay for all the water that can be supplied, not to exceed three run. This is the only power the State will have to offer at this point.

A sufficient portion of ground will be set apart for the use of the lessee, on which to erect his mill and the mill yard. Bidders will state a price per power, being understood to be water sufficient to propel a run of 44 feet mill stones, when applied to an overshot wheel of 8 feet in diameter.

At this Lock there can be at least 74 foot over shot wheel, or a steam foot breast wheel to be determined by the Engineer.

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